

[GNFAC Avalanche Forecast for Mon Feb 21, 2022](#)

Good morning. This is Dave Zinn with the Gallatin National Forest Avalanche Forecast on Monday, February 21st, at 7:15 a.m. This information is sponsored by Bill and Kay Whittle of the [Antlers Lodge](#) in Cooke City. This forecast does not apply to operating ski areas.

AVALANCHE FATALITY IN COOKE CITY

Late Saturday afternoon, a group of 3 snowmobilers and 2 snowbikers were in the Sheep Creek drainage, north of Cooke City. The two snowbikes were high on a slope near Miller Mountain when one stopped on a small ridge and the other climbed higher triggering a large avalanche. The avalanche carried him down through a gully and over a waterfall where he was partially buried. His arm and airbag were visible and his head was 1 foot under the surface. Resuscitation efforts were unsuccessful and Park County SAR evacuated the victim. The avalanche was 800 feet wide, averaged 2 feet deep (estimated) and ran 1200 feet vertical. The avalanche likely broke on facets and [depth hoar](#) at the ground in an area that was thinly covered and recently wind-loaded. The debris was up to 15 feet deep and the avalanche size is rated R3-D3. We will release a full report with details in the coming days. Preliminary information and photos are available [here](#). Our condolences go out to the family and friends of the rider.

Mountain Weather

It is cold this morning with temperatures in the single digits above and below zero F and 5-10 mph winds from the west except in the Bridger Range where they turned east. In the last 24 hours, the Bridger Range received 13" of snow with 5-9" near Cooke City, Big Sky and south of Bozeman and 1-4" from the Taylor Fork to Lionhead areas. Today, high temperatures will be in the single digits F before plummeting this evening and a frigid east wind will settle in for the first half of the week. Flurries today will deliver up to an inch of new snow.

Snowpack and Avalanche Discussion



Cooke City

Dangerous avalanche conditions exist in the mountains around Cooke City and human-triggered avalanches are likely. In the last week, snow fell every day totaling 18" equal to 1.5" of [snow water equivalent](#) (SWE). Winds gusted 45 mph yesterday, drifting snow onto slopes with weak layers buried 18-30" under the surface. Today, avalanches could range from relatively small to large. Saturday's fatal avalanche broke approximately 800' wide, flowed through two gullies and piled debris 15' deep ([photos and preliminary details](#)). An intentionally triggered avalanche on Ski Hill broke 15" deep and 30-50' across. The likelihood of surviving a slide on the large end of this spectrum is not high. Utilize careful route-finding and largely avoid slopes over 30 degrees. Carefully assess the snowpack if you choose to enter steeper terrain. Avalanches will be most sensitive to triggers on or near terrain features with drifts from yesterday's strong winds. The danger is rated [CONSIDERABLE](#) in Cooke City.



Bridger
Range

Northern
Gallatin

Northern
Madison

Lionhead
Range

Island
Park

Human-triggered avalanches are possible in the mountains around Bozeman, Big Sky and West Yellowstone. The Bridger Range and the mountains around Big Sky received 9-13” of snow equal to 0.4-0.9” SWE with slightly less in the Northern Gallatin Range and Lionhead areas. In areas with more new snow, loose snow avalanches or sluffs will pack a punch as they gain significant volume. It is possible to trigger a dangerous slab avalanche where the wind has drifted the snow and where the new snow is sitting on weak layers buried 1-2’ under the surface. Scale up the slope size from Saturday’s rider-triggered avalanche near Two Top and you have a significant problem ([photos and details](#)). During last week’s field days to [Hyalite](#), [Buck Ridge](#) and the [Bridger Range](#), we saw small avalanches that broke in the new and wind-drifted snow. As the winds shift to the east and increase through the day, expect drifts to form in abnormal locations.

Evaluate the snowpack carefully and avoid terrain features such as drifts, steep rollovers and terrain traps where avalanches are more likely or have more significant consequences. The danger is [MODERATE](#).



Southern Madison Southern Gallatin

The Southern Madison and Southern Gallatin Ranges received 1-3” of new snow equal to 0.1” of SWE. Yesterday’s strong winds drifted snow onto slopes with weak layers of facets and surface hoar buried 6-12” deep. It is possible to trigger an avalanche on slopes where recent drifts sit on top of weak layers. Outside of isolated instabilities, avalanches are unlikely on slopes without wind drifted snow.

Watch for signs of recent wind loading such as hard, drum-like slabs or cracking in the upper snowpack, assess stability and follow safe travel protocols. The avalanche danger is [MODERATE](#) on wind-loaded slopes and [LOW](#) on all others.

If you get out, please send us your observations no matter how brief. You can submit them via our [website](#), email (mtavalanche@gmail.com), phone (406-587-6984), or Instagram (#gnfacobs).

Upcoming Education Opportunities

See our [education calendar](#) for an up-to-date list of all local classes. Here are a few select upcoming events.

March 4, Companion Rescue Clinic with the Bozeman Splitfest. [Information and registration HERE.](#)

Every Saturday near Cooke City, 10 a.m.-3 p.m. FREE snowpack update and transceiver/rescue training. Stop by for 20 minutes or more at the Round Lake Warming Hut.